Information about your drinking water.

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturallyoccurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and

bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.

Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.

Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses. - Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petro-

leum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.

Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

Where do we get our drinking water?

S. S. Water Supply Corporation (SSWSC) provides ground water from the Carrizo/Wilcox Aquifer located in Wilson County. TCEO

completed an assessment of your source water, and results indicate that some of your sources are susceptible to contaminants. The sampling requirements for your water system are based on this susceptibility and previous sampling data. Any detections of these contaminants may be found in this Consumer Confidence Report. For more information on source water assessment and protection efforts at our system, please contact Carlos Febus, General Manager at (830) 779-2837. Source water assessment information is also available on the Texas Drinking Water Watch website at:

https://dww2.tceq.texas.gov/DWW/JSP/WaterSystemDetail.jsp?tinwsys is number=6499&tinwsys st code=TX&wsnumber=TX2470015%20%20&DWWState=TX .

Required Additional Health Information for Lead (Pb)

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for preg-

nant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and

components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for

providing high quality drinking water, but we cannot control the variety of materials

used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you

can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2

minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in

your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking

water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from

the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Secondary Constituents: Many constituents (such as calcium, sodium, or iron) which are often found in drinking water can cause taste, color, and odor problems. The taste and odor constituents are called secondary constituents and are regulated by the State of Texas, not the EPA. These constituents are not causes for health concern. Therefore, secondary constituents are not required to be reported in this document but they may greatly affect the appearance and taste of your water. S. S. Water Supply Corporation's water does exceed the secondary limit of iron in our ground water. The TCEQ secondary limit for iron is 0.3 ppm, and our water averages 0.65 ppm with the highest total being 0.711 ppm from testing on 15 March 2023. This water therefore requires additional treatment to prevent water discoloration, and our system uses a sequestering agent that prevents the iron from oxidizing and tinting the color of the finished water. We also provide 2,000 gallons of water with each minimum bill to allow our customers the opportunity to flush out any discolored water from their plumbing systems. For more information about iron in our water, please visit www.sswater.net.

ADDITIONAL NOTICES

- You may be more vulnerable than the general population to certain microbial contaminants, such as Cryptosporidium, in drinking water. Infants, some elderly, or immunocompromised persons such as those undergoing chemotherapy for cancer; persons who have undergone organ transplants; those who are undergoing treatment with steroids; and people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, can be particularly at risk from infections. You should seek advice about drinking water from your physician or health care providers. Additional guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Supplying the water needs of the rural community.

S.S. Water Supply Corporation

Annual Drinking Water **Ouality Report** Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) for 2024

> (Report covers previous year) Public Water System ID: TX2470015

Public Participation Opportunities

When: 2nd Monday of Every Month Where: 10393 US HWY 87 W. La Vernia, TX 78121 Time: 7:00 PM **Phone:** (830) 779-2837

To learn about future public meetings concerning your drinking water, or to request to schedule one, please call us. Español Éste informe incluye información importante sobre el agua potable que proveemos. Si desea más información en español,

márquenos al número telefónico (830) 779-2837.

OUR DRINKING WATER IS HIGHLY REGULATED

This report is a summary of the quality of the water we provide our Members and customers. This analysis was made by using data from the most recent U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) required tests, and are presented in this document for your review. We hope this information helps you become more knowledgeable about what is in your drinking water.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

2024 REGULATED CONTAMINANTS DETECTED

Coliform Bacteria Groundwater Rule - System 4 LOG Certified

Disinfectant Residual 2024

Maximum Containment Level Goal	Total Coli- form Maximum Containment	Highest No. of Positive		Total No. of Posi- tive E. Coli or Fecal Coliform Samples	Violation	Likely Source Of Contamination	Disinfectant Type	Aver- age Level	Min Level	Max Level	MRDL	MRDLG	Unit Of Measure	Source
	Level		Level	oumpies			Free	1.29	0.60	2.80	4.0	4.0	mg/L	Water additive
0	0	0	ND	0	N	Naturally present in the environment.	Chlorine							used to control microbes

Lead and Copper

	Date Sampled	MCLG	Action Level (AL)	90th Percentile	# Sites Over (AL)	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	6/29/2023	1.3	1.3	0.443	0	ppm	N	Erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing systems
Lead	6/29/2023	0	15	1.19	0	ppb	N	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits.

Disinfection By-Products

	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	2024	5.0*	0.0-5.0	No goal for the total	80	ppb	Ν	By-product of drinking water disinfection

* The value in the Highest Level or Average Detected column is the highest average of all TTHM sample results collected at a location over a year.

Definitions and Abbreviations:

MFL - million fibers per liter (a measure of asbestos)

mrem - millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

mg/L - milligram per liter

ug/L - microgram per liter; equal to 1 part per billion (ppb)

pCi/L - picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

ppm - parts per million; same as 1 milligram per liter (mg/L) or one ounce in 7,350 gallons of water

ppb - parts per billion; equal to 1 microgram per liter or one ounce in 7,350,000 gallons of water

ppt - parts per trillion, or nanogram per liter (ng/L)

ppq - parts per quadrillion, or picogram per liter (pg/L)

ND - Non-detectable; not detected

TT - Treatment Technique - A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water

2024 REGULATED CONTAMINANTS DETECTED

All Detectable Contaminants

Inorganic Contaminants	Collection Dates	Highest Level De- tected	Range of Levels De- tected	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Barium	3/15/2023	0.0895	0.08-0.0895	2.0	2.0	ppm	Ν	Discharge of drilling waste; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
Flouride	9/27/2023	0.49	0.0-0.49	4.0	4.0	ppm	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Nitrate (measured as Nitrogen)	2024	0.49	0.49-0.49	10.0	10.0	ppm	N	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Radioactive Contaminants								
Beta/photon emitters	07/11/2022	6.3	4.2 - 6.3	0.0	50.0	pCi/L*	Ν	Decay of natural and man-made deposits.

*EPA considers 50 pCi/L to be the level of concern for beta particles.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health. Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns. For more information on taste, odor, or color of drinking water, please contact the S.S. Water Supply Corporation Office at (830) 779-2837, or by email at <u>csr@sswater.net</u>.

Additional Definitions and Abbreviations

Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Avg: Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples.

Level 1 Assessment: A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Level 2 Assessment: A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants. Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology

NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units (a measure of turbidity).

NA: Not applicable.

INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Availability of Monitoring Data for Unregulated Contaminants for SS Water Supply Corporation

Our water system has sampled for a series of unregulated contaminants. Unregulated contaminants are those that don't yet have a drinking water standard set by EPA. The purpose of monitoring for these contaminants is to help EPA decide whether the contaminants should have a standard. As our customers, you have a right to know that these data are available. If you are interested in examining the results, please contact Carlos Febus, General Manager at (830) 779-2837 or by US Mail at 10393 US HWY 87 W, La Vernia, TX 78121. This notice is being sent to you by SS Water Supply Corporation, State Water System ID No. TX2470015.

Date distributed: June 2025

Unregulated Contaminant	Collection Date	Result (µg/L)	Health-based Reference Concentration	Average Level (μg/L)	Range of Levels Detected (µg/L)	Health Information Summary
Lithium	Lithium 8/15/2023 10.9 10.0		10.9	0.0-10.9	This data is part of UCMR5 results in relation to minimum reporting levels and available non-regulatory health-based reference concentrations.	